CITY OF RIGBY RIGBY, IDAHO

Basic Financial Statements and Required Supplementary Information With Supplementary Information and Independent Auditor's Report Year Ended September 30, 2019

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Mayor and City Council City of Rigby, Idaho Rigby, ID 83442

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Rigby as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Rigby basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility of the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governments activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Rigby, as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and the budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and schedule of employer contributions on pages 34-38 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance of the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise of City of Rigby's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual non-major fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Jensen Poulsen & Company, PLLC

JENSEN POULSEN & COMPANY, PLLC Certified Public Accountants

Idaho Falls, ID January 24, 2020

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City of Rigby Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Statements Fiscal Year Ending September 30, 2019

As management of the City of Rigby, we offer the citizens of the City of Rigby's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Rigby for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The assets and deferred outflows of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at September 30, 2019 by \$29,476,367.

- Of this amount, (\$9,192,051) of unrestricted net position and \$4,665,143 of restricted assets is available to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's net position increased \$2,079,082 as a result of this year's operations, which includes an increase of governmental type net position of \$762,238 and of business-type net position of \$1,316,844.
- At year end, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$12,066,452, an increase of \$762,238 from last year.
- The General Fund Balance of \$1,931,792 equals a 56.82% reserve of the total General Fund Expenditures plus Fund Transfers. This equates to a 7 month reserve versus a 4.5 month reserve from the prior year. Of this balance, \$169,760 was appropriated in the budget for the following year.
- The net working capital for all funds increased from \$11.240 to \$13.467 million at year end for an overall net increase of just under 20% increase.
- Fixed capital assets of the city decreased by \$558,688 year over year. New additions totaled \$542,348 in depreciable property and depreciation charge of \$1.101 million for a net change of \$558,688.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Rigby's basic financial statements. The City of Rigby's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statement themselves.

Governmental-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Rigby's finances, in a manner similar to a business-like manner. These statements include all assets and liabilities using full accrual accounting, which is similar to accounting used by most large businesses. Full accrual accounting reports all of the current year's revenues and expenses when they are obligated, regardless of whether or not cash has yet been received or paid out.

These statements distinguish *functions* that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from functions that are supported by user fees (business-like actives). Governmental activities include: general administration, public safety, streets

and roads, park & recreation, cultural (library), airport operation, capital projects and other special revenue funds. The business-like activities include: water, sanitation and sewer revenue/wastewater treatment.

Component Unit - Rigby Urban Renewal Agency:

The government-wide financial statements also include separately the financial information of the Rigby Urban Renewal Agency as a component unit. No discussion is presented regarding the urban renewal agency.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City of Rigby's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of Rigby is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flow. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation/sick leave).

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Rigby, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the city can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds Financial Statements are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on current inflows, outflows and balances (reporting more on a cash/partial accrual accounting basis instead of a full accrual basis) in the Government-wide Statements

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains seventeen individual governmental funds and three proprietary funds (water, sewer and sanitation) and one internal service fund. The city does not have any fiduciary funds.

The basic governmental wide funds financial statements can be found on pages 9-17, notes to the financial statements are on pages 18-38 and non-major funds on pages 39-40.

Notes to the financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the governmental-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

<u>Net Position:</u> For the years ended September 30, 2019 and September 30, 2018. Net Position changed as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	All Activities
Net Position Sept 30, 2018	11,304,214	16,093,071	27,397,285
Increase in Net Position	<u>762,238</u>	<u>1,316,844</u>	2,079,082
Net Position Sept 30, 2019	12,066,452	17,409,915	29,476,367
Percent Change	6.74%	8.184%	7.59%

Following is the comparative statement of Net Position (2019 vs. 2018).

Following is the	Governmer		Business-typ		Total - All	Favorable/ (Unfavorable)	
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	Change
Current and other assets	5,929,549	5,773,814	8,881,850	7,512,652	14,811,399	13,286,436	1,524,963
Capital Assets(Net)	6,609,260	6,713,107	16,878,705	17,333,516	23,487,965	24,046,653	<u>(558,688)</u>
Total Assets	12,538,809	12,486,921	25,760,555	24,846,168	38,299,364	37,333,089	966,275
Deferred Outflows – Pension	70,068	92,565	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	70,068	92,565	(22,497)
Total Assets & Deferred Outflows	12,608,877	12,579,486	25,760,55	24,846,168	38,369,432	37,425,654	943,778
Current Liabilities	381,269	1,178,352	962,786	867,933	1,344,055	2,046,285	702,230
Long-term liabilities outstanding	33,086	28,494	7,387,854	7,885,164	7,420,940	7,913,658	492,718
Total Liabilities	414,355	1,206,846	8,350,640	8,753,097	8,764,995	9,959,943	<u>1,194,948</u>
Deferred Inflows - Pension	128,070	<u>68,426</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	128,070	<u>68,426</u>	(59,644)
Net Position:							
Invested in capital assets net of debt	6,609,260	6,707,585	9,009,913	8,947,554	15,619,173	15,655,139	35,966
Restricted	3,453,251	2,720,203	1,211,892	665,074	4,665,143	3,385,277	1,279,866
Unrestricted	2,003,941	1,876,426	7,188,110	6,480,443	<u>9,192,051</u>	8,356,869	835,182
Total net assets	12,066,452	11,304,214	17,409,915	16,093,071	29,476,367	27,397,285	2,079,082

As noted above, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of government's financial position. In the case of the City of Rigby, assets exceeded liabilities by \$27.397million at September 30, 2018 compared with \$29.476 million an overall net increase of \$2.079 million in net assets. The increase represents the net change in the city's addition: the governmental fund types increased their net position from \$11.3 million to \$12.06 million for a net increase of \$762,000. The business-types funds increased their net position from \$16.1 million to \$17.4 million, a net increase \$1.3 million.

Outstanding Debt:

The debt owed on the government activities and business-type assets decreased from \$8.4 million to \$7.9 million as shown below.

	Beginning	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirement</u>	Ending
Bank of the West	5,522		5,522	-0-
DEQ Wastewater Loan	6,542,770		396,349	6,143,422
USDA-RD Wastewater Loan	1,846,221		<u>120,849</u>	<u>1,725,372</u>
OSDITITO TO CONTRACT OF THE CO	8,394,514		664,768	7,868,794
Compensated Absences Total	44,866 8,436,379	7,201 7,201	<u>0</u> 664,768	<u>52,067</u> 7,920,861

Working Capital:

Working capital (current assets less current liabilities) for all of the cities funds has increased from \$2.8 million at September 30, 2009 to \$13.467 million at September 30, 2019, a net increase of \$10.67 million over the ten year period.

Working Capital - All Funds	2015	2016	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Current/Other Assets	 9,876,126	11,110,427	11,975,673	13,286,436	14,811,399
Current Liabilities	1,330,788	1,689,246	<u>1,405,915</u>	2,046,285	<u>1,344,055</u>
	8,545,338	9,421,181	10,569,758	11,240,151	13,467,344
Net Working Capital Year over Year % Increase (Decrease)	(7.27%)	10.25%	12.2%	6.3%	19.81%
(Decrease)					

The city's financial goal policy is to maintain unrestricted/unreserved fund balance equal to 25% or greater of the succeeding year's operating budget this allows for unforeseen emergencies, and to mitigate current and future risks. The following schedule shows the funds achieving the financial goal.

	Ending Fund Balance	2020 Budget	25% 2019 Budget	Excess Fund Balance over Working Cap.
General Fund	1,931,793	1,438,600	359,650	1,572,143
Library Fund	121,956	205,451	51,363	70,593
Parks/Recreation	149,161	113,487	28,372	120,789
Roads	312,773	660,850	165,212	147,561
Capital Improvement (Net Deferred)	348,796	279,472	69,868	278,928
Water Revenue (Net Restricted)	2,353,212	786,000	196,500	2,156,712
Sanitation (Net Restricted)	615,771	324,750	81,188	534,583
Sewer Revenue (Net of Bond/Restricted)	4,144,583	3,045,900	761,475	3,383,108
Sewer Bond – (Net Long Term Debt)	621,631	620,000	155,000	465,000

As shown, all funds have excess reserves, thus achieving the financial goal of 25% reserves.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHT

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the city. The general fund accounts for the various departments of the city such as: mayor and council, administrative services, planning/zoning, police services, city hall maintenance, and legal services. At year end its unreserved, undesignated fund balance was \$1.932 million versus \$1.661 million for the prior year an increase of \$270,838. The general fund ending fund balance (\$1.932 million) is 1.34% of the total general fund expenditures and fund transfers (\$1.438 million) for the budget year 2019/20 year.

The city authorized a \$131,000 transfer from the unreserved fund balance to the capital improvement fund which was made during the year and a planned and budgeted transfer of \$169,760 for the coming year.

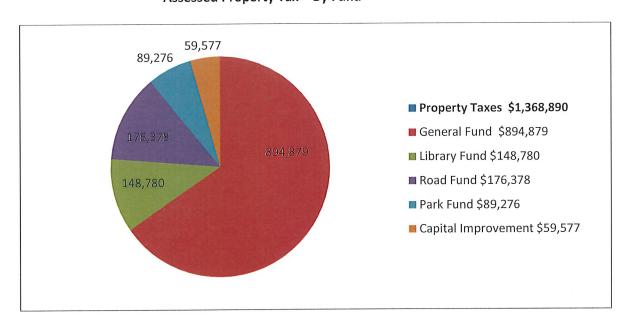
The mayor and council adopt annual operating budgets for all funds – governmental and proprietary funds. The cash based budget is based on revenues inflow and expenditures which include capital expenditures which are subject to reclassification to comply with GAAP. The city measures its success of achieving its goals through implementation of the budget process. Revenues and expenditures are recorded in the financial statements on the modified accrual basis of accounting and budgets on a cash basis of accounting.

Annual budgets are published prior to adoption and public hearings are held. Budgets may be amended during the year. Whenever budgets are raised over the authorized budget statues require public hearing and re-publication of the prior budget, increase and revised budget. The city did not amend its 2018/19 budget from the original published and adopted budget.

PROPERTY TAX ASSESSMENT -

The city assessed \$1,368,890 from property taxes. The following pie chart shows the allocation of the tax to the various funds.

Assessed Property Tax - By Fund

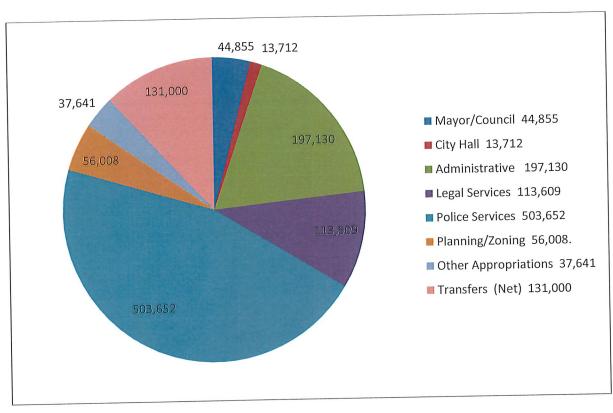


GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES

The general fund had an operating budget of \$1.305 million down from the prior year's budget of \$1.322 million.

Actual expenditures (including transfers out) total \$1.116 million. The following chart summarizes the actual expenditures to the various departments within the general fund.

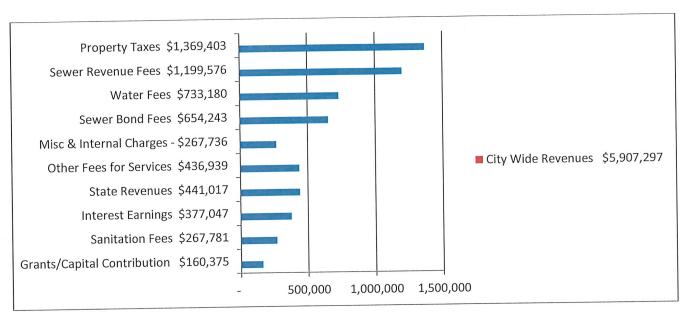
General Fund Actual Expenditures – By Department



CITY-WIDE REVENUES

Total city-wide revenues totaled \$5.907 million. The following chart shows the source of revenues by funding source.

Total Revenues by Source - All Funds



During the year the city increased its monthly utility charges per month by the following amounts:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>
Water Revenue	21.00	23.00
Sanitation	11.00	12.50
Sewer Revenue	44.00	52.50
Sewer Bond	32.00	32.00

Wastewater Treatment Plant:

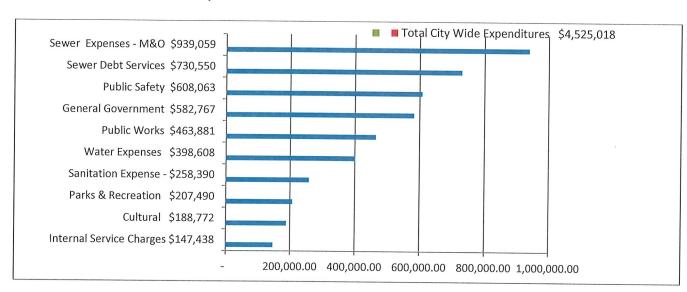
In the current year the city began work on its wastewater treatment plant to meet DEQ and EPA mandates for ammonia discharge and to increase the plant's overall capacity to handle wastewater. The estimated cost of the wastewater treatment plant is from \$14 to \$18 million. The plant's current discharge permit is due to expire in December 31, 2021, at which time the city must come into compliance with the ammonia discharge. The projected improvements will require additional funding beyond that available in our sewer revenue and debt service funds. The city is making application for a judicial confirmation to get authority to issue the bonds and obtain necessary funding for the plant expansion from either DEQ and/or USDA-RD. The estimated monthly increase in monthly sewer bond fees is estimated to be \$30.38 to \$40.28 per month. The term of the financing is estimated to be for 40 years at 1.5% to 2.75% annual interest. The sewer revenue fund including the debt service fund has cash and short term investments totaling \$5.491 million

Water Revenue Fund:

The city is upgrading its water pumping and storage facilities. The city was awarded a \$400,000 grant from the Idaho Dept of Commerce to assist in the drilling and installation of a new well. Total estimated cost of the well is \$1.5 million. In the next few years the city expects to construct a second 1 million gallon storage tank at the site of the new well. The upgrades will be funded through a combination of block grants, loans and reserves in the water revenue fund. The water project will provided needed capacity to the city's system to meet current and future water demands as well as providing needed storage for fire suppression. The water revenue fund has cash and short term investments of \$2.4 million. The funding of the two projects will be financed through a combination of city reserves, grants, and loans.

CITY-WIDE EXPENDITURES

Total city-wide expenditures (including debt service) totaled \$4.525 million. The following chart shows the allocation expenditures by function. The debt service fund includes interest on debt and principal retirement of debt.



Total Expenditures - All Funds

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Rigby's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or request for additional financial information should be directed to the city clerk/treasurer at 158 West Fremont, Rigby, ID 83442.

David Swager, CPA
City Clerk/Treasurer

CITY OF RIGBY Statement of Net Position September 30, 2019

		vernmental		siness-Type Activities		Total	Co	mponent Unit
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,064,988	\$	4,153,638	\$.,	\$	978,361
Investments		2,251,739		4,423,818		6,675,557		-
Receivables (net)		592,780		304,394		897,174		6,120
Prepaid expenses		20,042		-		20,042		-
Capital assets, net of depreciation		5,930,137		16,686,343		22,616,480		_
Capital assets, non-depreciable		679,123		192,362		871,485		-
Total assets	\$	12,538,809	\$	25,760,555	\$	38,299,364	\$	984,481
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						70,068		
Pension deferred outflows		70,068		-		70,068		-
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	_\$	12,608,877	\$_	25,760,555	\$	38,369,432	\$	984,481
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	68,699	\$	360,526	\$	429,224	\$	905
Other payable		-		49,989		49,989		-
Salaries & benefits payable		33,260		13,308		46,570		-
Water deposits		-		39,044		39,044		-
Current portion of long term debt		_		499,919		499,919		-
Net pension liability		279,309		_		279,309		
Total current liabilities	\$	381,269	\$	962,786	\$	1,344,055	\$	905
Long-term liabilities Debt portion due in more than one year		-		7,368,873		7,368,873		-
		-		-		-		-
Interim DEQ financing Compensated absences		33,086		18,981		52,067		_
Total long-term liabilities	\$	33,086	\$	7,387,854	\$	7,420,940	\$	-
Total long-term natificies	''							
Total liabilities	\$	414,355	\$	8,350,640	\$	8,764,995	\$	905
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		100.070	Φ.		ው	128,070	\$	_
Pension deferred inflows		128,070	\$		\$	128,070	Ψ	
NET POSITION		6,609,260		9,009,913		15,619,173		-
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		0,009,200		,,005,510		,,-		
Restricted for:		2 000 000		_		3,089,080		_
Capital projects		3,089,080		1,211,892		1,211,892		-
Debt service	••••	-		1,411,094		.,,0,2		
Community development		264 171		_		364,171		_
and improvement projects	•••	364,171		7,188,110)	9,192,051		983,576
Unrestricted		2,003,941				29,476,367		983,576
Total net position	<u>\$</u>	12,066,452		17,407,710	, 4	22,170,501		

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2019 CITY OF RIGBY

			- I	Program Revenues		Net ()	Net (Expense) Revenue and	and	
		Fees, Fines, &	33, &	Operating	Capital Grants	1	Changes in Net Position	0.00	Č
	1	Charges for	for	Grants and	and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Unit
Functions/Frograms Governmental activities:	pyhenses								•
	\$ 582,767	\$	41,934 \$,	· ~	\$ (540,833)		\$ (540,833)	ı Sə
		60	39,818	,	1	(568,245)		(568,245)	•
Dublic works	463,881	25	250,675	153,245	•	(59,961)		(59,961)	ı
Darks and recreation	207,490	•	88,860	•	•	(118,630)		(118,630)	1
Cultural	188,772	_	15,652	4,630	2,500	(165,990)		(165,990)	•
V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V			. '	1	•	1			•
Interest on long term debt	- ' '				•	(46 327)		(46,327)	í
Internal Service charges	40,327		0,000	157 075	2 500	(1 499 986)		(1.499.986)	1
Total governmental activities	7,097,300	4	00,737	10,701	0000	(1) (2) (2)			
Business-type activities:								334 573	•
Water fund	398,608	7	733,180	•	•	•	554,572	274,77	
Sanitation fund	258,390	5	267,781	•		1	196,9	165,6	1
Sewer find	1,004,790	1,8	1,853,819	•	1	•	849,029	849,029	1
Internal Comice characes	101,111			1	•	•	(101,111)	(101,111)	
Treat Lucinos tras octivities	1 762 899	2.8	2.854.780			ı	1,091,881	1,091,881	
Total business-type activities	\$ 3.860.199	3,7	1	\$ 157.875	\$ 2,500	(1,499,986)	1,091,881	(408,105)	•
l otal primary governincinc =			11						
Component unit=	\$ 55,499	\$		- \$	-				(55,499)
	General revenues:	:s:							
	Taxes:							0.00	300 000
	Property taxes, levied for general	levied for g	eneral pur	burposes		894,740	•	894,740	328,703
	Property taxes levied for library	levied for li	brary			149,086	•	149,086	•
	Dronger, taxes levied for park and recreation find	levied for n	ark and re	reation find		89,456	•	89,456	1
	Flopeity taxes,	levice for p	ublic mort			176.481	1	176,481	ı
	Property taxes, levied for public works	levied for p	nonic work	n i		50,640	1	59,640	•
	Property taxes, levied for capital p	levied for c	apıtal proj	projects		157 020		157.839	•
	State sales taxes	Ş				450,751	1	121,032	
	State revenue sharing	haring				211,862	1	700,117	•
	State liquor allocation	ocation				71,316	1	71,516	1 1
	Faminos on investments	estments				139,819	237,228	377,047	16,565
	Miscellaneous					118,346	8,850	127,196	
	Internal Comittee Charges	Characa				56.848	78,504	135,352	1
	Tree for	Cildiges				99,621	(99,621)		r
	Tallsicis		(0.0			5 188		5,188	
	Net pension revenue (expense)	venue (expe	nse)	the second terror		2 230 242	224 961	2.455.203	345,270
		i otal gene	rai revenu	Total general revenues and mansicis		730 256	1 316 842	2.047,098	289,771
	,	Chang	Changes in net assets	sets		11 204 218	16.093.073	27 397 291	693,805
	Net positionbeginning	eginning				11,504,11	10,0,0,0	31 978	,
	Prior period adjustment	nstment				017,10	\$ 17 400 015	\$ 20.4	\$ 983.576
	Net assetsending		•		-	70+,000,21 &			
		The n	otes to the	financial statemen	The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.	t of this statement.			

The notes to the financial statements are an integral pair of

CITY OF RIGBY Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2019

ASSETS		General Fund		Road Fund		Non Major Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Cash	\$	1,413,376	\$	108,191	\$	1,486,309	\$	3,007,876
Investments	Ψ	438,872	•	161,052		1,651,815		2,251,739
Taxes receivable		36,908		7,153		11,727		55,788
Other receivables		95,581		70,687		370,724		536,992
		-		_		357,397		357,397
Interfund receivable		20,042		-		· •		20,042
Prepaid expenses	\$	2,004,779	\$	347,083	\$	3,877,972	\$	6,229,834
Total assets	φ	2,004,779	Ψ	547,005		3,0,7,7,7	_	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES:								
CURRENT LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	17,976	\$	25,053	\$	21,832	\$	64,861
Interfund payable		-		-		357,397		357,397
Payroll liabilities		8,320		2,528		1,600		12,448
Salaries payable/Benefits		16,600		894		3,258		20,752
Deferred revenue		30,091		5,835		366,903		402,829
Total current liabilities		72,987		34,310		750,990		858,287
FUND BALANCE Restricted		_		312,773		2,721,831		3,034,604
		_		5 1 <u>2</u> , . , o		48,641		48,641
Committed		_		-		356,510		356,510
Assigned		1,931,792		_		-		1,931,792
Unassigned		1,931,792		312,773		3,126,982		5,371,547
Total fund balance		1,931,192		312,773	-	<u> </u>		
Total liabilities and fund balance		2,004,779		347,083	\$	3,877,972		6,229,834

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position September 30, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds			\$ 5,371,547
The cost of capital assets (land, buildings, furniture, and equipment) purchased or constructed is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the City as a whole. The cost of those capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives (as depreciation expense) to the various programs reported as governmental activities in the Statement of Activities. Because depreciation expense does not affect financial resources, it is not reported in governmental funds.			
Cost of capital assets Depreciation expense to date	\$	10,041,418 (3,432,158)	6,609,260
Property taxes and assessments that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.			402,829
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Capital leases Compensated absences		(33,086)	(33,086)
GASB 68 requires the accrual of net pension assets and liabilities and the deferred inflows and outflows of resources related thereto.			
Net pension liability Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources		(279,309) 70,068 (128,070)	(337,311)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of equipment usage to individual funds. The fund balance of certain activities of the internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.			 53,213
Total net assets for governmental activities			\$ 12,066,452

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds September 30, 2019

REVENUES		neral und	Road Fund		Non Major Funds	Go:	Total vernmental Funds
Local Revenue: Property taxes		894,879	\$ 176,378 7,400	\$	297,633 94,912	\$	1,368,890 147,168
Earnings on investments		44,856 26,250	7,400		94,912		26,250
Fees and fines		39,818	100,807		208,336		348,961
Charges for services Miscellaneous and other revenue		21,357	4,667		337,488		363,512
State revenues		339,376	218,609		34,368		592,353
	•	1,909			4,467		6,376
Total revenue	1,	368,445	 507,861		977,204		2,853,510
EXPENDITURES							
General government	,	445,718	-		13,657		459,375
Public safety		503,652	-		-		503,652
Street and public improvement		-	414,979		-		414,979
Parks and recreation		-	-		153,170		153,170
Cultural		14,015	-		155,464		169,479
Capital outlay		3,222	 61,450		182,729		247,401
Total expenditures		966,607	 476,429		505,020		1,948,056
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures		401,838	31,432		472,184		905,454
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							_
Other Financing Source		- [131,000)	_		230,621		99,621
Transfers	·	131,000)			250,021		77,021
Net change in fund balances		270,838	31,432		702,805		1,005,075
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,	,660,954	281,341		1,878,317		3,820,612
Prior period adjustments		_	 -		545,860		545,860
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 1</u>	,931,792	\$ 312,773	<u> </u>	3,126,982	<u> </u>	5,371,547

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Net Change in fund balances-total governmental funds Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		\$	1,005,075
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense over the life of the asset. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.			
Capitalized assets	\$ 271,912 (375,759)		(103,847)
Depreciation expense	(373,739)		(103,047)
Debt payments are treated as an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the payments reduce long term debt in the Statement of Activities.			
Capital lease payable Bonds payable	5,522		5,522
Tax revenues are deferred and not recognized in the funds until they are available to pay for current period expenditures. In the Statement of Activities, however they are recognized when levied. This is the difference between the amount deferred at the beginning and end of the current period.			
Deferred revenue - 2019 Deferred revenue - 2018	402,829 (590,440)		(187,611)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
Compensated absences - 2019	(33,086)		
Compensated absences - 2018	28,494		(4,592)
GASB 68 requires the calculation of net pension revenue (expense), and the deferral of current contributions.			
Current contributions	28,574		
Net pension revenue (expense)	(23,386)		5,188
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of equipment usage to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.			10,521
		\$	730,256
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		<u>Ψ</u>	,200

CITY OF RIGBY Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds September 30, 2019

ASSETS \$ 1,305,593 \$ 183,500 \$ 2,165,034 \$ 3,654,127 \$ 135,556 Cash - restricted for bond. - - - 421,067 421,067 - Investments. 1,105,184 413,244 2,905,390 4,423,818 - Receivables. 84,716 30,270 189,408 304,394 - Capital assets, net of depreciation. 1,881,398 401,900 14,325,849 16,609,147 77,196 Capital assets, non-depreciable. 93,476 - 98,886 192,362 - Prepaid expenses. - - - 98,886 192,362 - Total assets. 4,470,367 1,028,914 20,105,634 25,604,915 \$ 212,752 LIABILITIES Current liabilities. 96,035 - 260,653 356,688 \$ 7,675 Other payable. 96,035 - 260,653 356,688 \$ 7,675 Other payable. 96,035 - 260,653 356		Water Fund	S	anitation_		Sewer Fund	-	Total	Se	Internal rvice Funds
Cash - restricted for bond. 1.105,184 413,244 2,905,390 4,21,067 - 1.105,184 413,244 2,905,390 4,423,818 - 2,205,390 4,423,818 - 2,205,390 4,423,818 - 2,205,390 4,423,818 - 2,205,390 4,423,818 - 2,205,390 4,432,818 - 2,205,390 - 2,20	ASSETS		_		•	0.167.001	Φ.	2 (54 107	d.	125.556
Investments	=	\$ 1,305,593	\$	183,500	\$, ,	\$		\$	135,556
Receivables		-		-		,		*		-
Capital assets, net of depreciation	Investments			,						
Capital assets, non-depreciable. 93,476 - 98,886 192,362 - Prepaid expenses	******	•						,		- 77 106
Total assets	•			401,900						77,190
Total assets	Capital assets, non-depreciable	93,476		-		98,886		192,362		•
LIABILITIES	Prepaid expenses	 -		-		-		-		
Current liabilities: 96,035 - 260,653 356,688 7,675 Other payable	Total assets	 4,470,367		1,028,914		20,105,634		25,604,915	\$	212,752
Interim DEQ financing	Current liabilities: Accounts payable Other payable Water deposits Salaries payable & payroll liabilities Current portion of long term debt Total current liabilities	39,044 3,905		-	-	49,989 - 3,273 499,919 813,834		49,989 39,044 13,246 499,919 958,886	\$	- 124 -
Compensated absences payable		-		-		7,368,873		7,368,873		-
Total liabilities		2.007		- 175		10.500		10 001		-
NET POSITION Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	Compensated absences payable	 								7 700
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	Total liabilities	 142,281		11,243		8,193,210		6,340,740		1,133
Total net position \$ 4,328,086 \$ 1,017,671 \$ 11,912,418 17,258,175 \$ 204,953	Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	 2,353,212		615,771		1,211,892 4,144,583		1,211,892 7,113,566		127,757
1 of the note Position	Total net position	\$ 4,328,086	\$	1,017,671		11,912,418	: ====	17,258,175	<u>\$</u>	204,953

Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of net position are different because certain internal service fund assets and liabilities are included with business-type activities.

Net position of business-type activities

151,740 \$ 17,409,915

CITY OF RIGBY Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position **Proprietary Funds September 30, 2019**

	Water		Sewer	Takal	Internal Service Funds			
_	Fund	Sanitation	Fund	Total	Service Funds			
OPERATING REVENUE	h 722 100	\$ 267,781 \$	1,853,819 \$	2,854,780	\$ -			
Consumer charges	•	•	2,259	8,851	Ψ -			
Other revenue	4,811	1,781	2,239	0,051	135,352			
Other services		260.562	1 056 079	2,863,631	135,352			
Total operating revenue	737,991	269,562	1,856,078	2,803,031	133,332			
OPERATING EXPENSES					- 0.45			
Salaries	54,373	60,867	105,348	220,588	7,947			
Payroll taxes	5,827	4,714	9,386	19,927	635			
Insurance - employee	13,027	24,172	34,347	71,546	1,293			
Retirement - employee	8,858	7,450	11,938	28,246	983			
Legal fees	· <u>-</u>	-	-	-	-			
Municipal shop building	7,546	7,727	7,532	22,805	8,584			
Utilities	382	-	75,884	76,266	-			
Office supplies and postage	4,088	4,438	4,455	12,981	-			
Maintenance and repairs	186,923	41,776	80,974	309,673	43,423			
	525	-	1,640	2,165	-			
Training and travel	157	160	24,997	25,314	14,578			
Supplies	-	-	3,121	3,121	32,219			
Fuel	86,561	67,578	534,522	688,661	37,135			
Depreciation	28,194	39,508	44,915	112,617	641			
Miscellaneous expense	0.145	57,500	- 11,513	2,147	_			
Irrigation assessments	222 (22	258,390	939,059	1,596,057	147,438			
Total operating expense	398,608	230,390	939,039	1,370,037	117,100			
Operating income (loss)	339,383	11,172	917,019	1,267,574	(12,086)			
NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXI	PENSE)							
Wastewater project grant income	· -	-	-	•	-			
Wastewater project expenditures	-	=	-	-	-			
Earnings on investments	68,527	17,598	151,103	237,228	-			
Interest expense	-	-	(65,732)	(65,732)	-			
Reserve for debt service	-	-	=	-	-			
Gain (loss) on investments	_	-	-	-	-			
Capital contributions/transfers	-	-	_	-	-			
Operating transfers	(49,621)	(25,000)	(25,000)	(99,621)	•			
		2.770	077 200	1 220 440	(12,086)			
Changes in net position	358,289	3,770	977,390	1,339,449	(12,000)			
NET POSITION Total net position - beginning	3,969,797	1,013,901	10,935,028		217,039			
-					¢ 204.052			
Total net position - ending	\$ 4,328,086	\$ 1,017,671 \$	11,912,418		\$ 204,953			
	Some amounts reported for business-type activities in the statement of activities are different because the net revenue of certain internal service funds							

is reported with business-type activities. Change in net position of business-type activities

(22,607)1,316,842

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF RIGBY Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds September 30, 2019

		Water	0	*, ,*		Sewer	Totalo		nternal
-		Fund	Sa	nitation		Fund	Totals	Ser	vice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Ф	710 200	ø	264745	ď	1,828,107 \$	2,812,242	C	135,352
Cash received from customers	\$	719,390		264,745 (199,645)	Ф	(351,698)	(808,640)	Φ	(108,510)
Payments to suppliers and employees		(257,297)		(199,043)		(331,098)	5,127		(100,510)
Cash provided by customer deposits		5,127		-		_	3,127		-
Net cash provided (used)		467.000		CE 100		1 476 400	2,008,729		26,842
by operating activities		467,220		65,100		1,476,409	2,008,729		20,642
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIV	VITIE	cs							
Transfers from (to) other funds		(49,621)		(25,000)		(25,000)	(99,621)		-
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital									
financing activities		(49,621)		(25,000)		(25,000)	(99,621)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIE	ES								
Cash paid for capital assets		(72,322)		(45,000)		(153,634)	(270,956)		_
Principle payments		·,,		-		(517,200)	(517,200)		-
Interest paid on long-term obligations		_		_		(65,732)	(65,732)		-
Net cash provided (used) by capital and						, , ,	, , ,		
related financing activities		(72,322)		(45,000)		(736,566)	(853,888)		-
related financing activities		(12,322)		(10,000)					
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				0.1.70		20.055	66.500		
Interest income		29,353		8,150		29,077	66,580		-
Purchase of investments		-		-		-	-		-
Net cash provided (used)						00.055	66.500		
from investing activities		29,353		8,150		29,077	66,580		-
Net increase (decrease) in cash		374,630		3,250		743,920	1,121,800		26,842
Cash and cash equivalents-beginning of year		930,963		180,250		1,842,181	2,953,394		108,714
Cash and cash equivalents beginning of year	\$	1,305,593	\$	183,500	\$	2,586,101	\$ 4,075,194	\$	135,556
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided b	ογ								
operating activities	•								
Operating income	\$	339,383	\$	11,172	\$	917,019	\$ 1,267,574	\$	(12,086)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash									
provided by operating activities:									
Depreciation	,	86,561		67,578		534,522	688,661		37,135
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(18,601)		(4,817)		(27,971)	(51,389))	-
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits		5,127		-		-	5,127		-
more case (decrease) in the terms.		(5,600)	r	_		_	(5,600))	-
(Increase) decrease in customer prepaids		(5,000)					(5,555)	,	
(Increase) decrease in customer prepaids		60,350		(8,833)		51,886	103,403		1,793

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The City of Rigby consists of patrons from Jefferson County.

This report includes all of the funds/accounts of the City. It includes all activities considered to be part of the City under GASB Statement #2100, *Defining the Governmental Reporting Entity*. Activities include areas in which the City can assert its authority either directly or indirectly by financial means. The City has an urban renewal agency within its legal jurisdiction. The agencies follow Idaho Code in their operations. The agencies boards, which must include one of the members of the City Council, are approved by the City Council. The agencies adopt their own budgets based on revenues prescribed by Idaho Code. The City does not have any authority over the urban renewal agency either directly or indirectly.

The City is organized and operates under the provisions of the Idaho Constitution and the accounting policies and practices of the City conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applied to governments. The city's reporting entity applies all relevant *Governmental Accounting Standards Boards (GASB)* pronouncements. Proprietary funds and similar component units apply *Financial Accounting Standards Board's (FASB)* pronouncements and *Accounting Principal Board (APB)* opinions issued on or after November 30, 1989.

In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the basic financial statements of Rigby Urban Renewal Agency have been included in the financial reporting entity as a discretely presented component unit. It is presented as a separate column within the basic financial statements. The City appoints the governing body of the Agency. The Agency is comprised of volunteers who devote their time to improving and enhancing the quality of life within the City of Rigby.

For financial reporting purposes on the government-wide financial statements, the City has capitalized improvement projects that the Agency has paid for and donated to the City for public use.

A copy of the Rigby Urban Renewal Agency audit may be obtained at the City office.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the City). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal balances and transfers. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, Continued

Basis of Presentation, continued

Program revenues include (a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and proprietary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Road Fund. This fund is responsible for the operation, maintenance and development of roads within the City's jurisdiction.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Fund. This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance and development of the City's water resources.

Sewer Fund. This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sewer system.

Sanitation Fund. This fund accounts for the operation and maintenance of the City's sanitation system.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, Continued

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the City funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the City's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

All governmental and business-type activities and enterprise funds of the City follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or after November 30, 1989, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements.

C. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY

Cash and Investments

The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the City Clerk for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities. The pooled investments are reported at fair value at September 30, 2019 based on market prices. Cash also includes funds held at the Local Government Investment Pool. The cash at the Local Government Investment Pool earns interest at a variable rate and is available upon demand. Earnings on the pooled funds are apportioned and paid or credited to the funds based on the balance of each participating fund.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The City considers cash and cash equivalents in the proprietary funds to be cash on hand and demand deposits. Demand deposits include money market accounts and certificates of deposit. In addition, because the Local Government Investment Pool is sufficiently liquid to permit withdrawal of cash at any time without prior notice or penalty, equity in the pool is also deemed to be a cash equivalent.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019

C. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY, Continued

Receivables and Payables

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectables. Because property taxes attach as an enforceable lien after three years of delinquency, the City feels that all receivables are collectible.

Property Tax Calendar

Property taxes are levied in November of each year and become payable on December 20, and June 20, of the following year for real property and personal property.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien as of December 20 following the levy in August. Therefore, no amount has been set aside for an allowance for doubtful accounts. Property taxes collected after December 1, 2019 are classified as deferred revenue.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

The City does not have any inventory items at September 30, 2019.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. The City had the following prepaid item at the end of the fiscal year.

General Fund \$20,042

The balance represents SUTA overpayments in the amount of \$17,752, prepaid expense in the amount of \$1,000, and prepaid workers compensation insurance in the amount of \$1,290.

Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. General infrastructure assets acquired after July 1, 2001 are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. The Standards did not require that we track and maintain general infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2001 and also do not require us to retroactively restate these assets for financial reporting purposes. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the assets' lives are not capitalized. The City has elected to capitalize all asset acquisitions that exceed \$3,000. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and structures	10 - 40
Machinery and equipment	3 - 10
Industrial systems	30 - 40

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019

C. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY, Continued

Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements consists of unpaid, accumulated sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

Fund Balance Reserves

The five categories of fund balance are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City had fund balances which were restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned of \$3,034,604, \$48,641, \$356,510 and \$1,931,792 respectively. Restricted funds are those which are constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation. Committed funds are those which are constrained to being used for a specific purpose by the City itself. Assigned Funds are amounts intended to be used for specific purposes as expressed by the City's management. Unassigned funds are those which are available for any purpose.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Following is a reconciliation of the City's deposit and investment balances as of September 30, 2019:

Pooled Cash and

	1 0010a Cuon ana
	Investments
Demand Deposits	\$ 1,076,036
State Investment Pool	5,624,104
Investments	7,130,283
Money Market	63,760
Total	<u>\$ 13,894,183</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Cash Deposits

The following is a schedule illustrating the cash balances held by the City of Rigby that are insured, collateralized, or uninsured as of September 30, 2019. The City does not have a deposit policy.

Depository	Bank	Book	FDIC		
Institution	Balance	Balance	<u>Insured</u>	Collateralized	<u>Uninsured</u>
Zions Bank	\$1,075,758	\$1,095,482	\$ 250,000	\$ 63,761	\$ 761,997
Xpress Deposit	26,920	28,500	-	-	26,920
Wells Fargo	10,472	10,472	10,472	-	-
US Bank	5,814	5,003	5,814	=	-
State Invest. Pool	5,613,821	5,624,104	-	-	5,613,821
Petty Cash		339	-	-	339
Investment Accts:					
Beehive Credit Union	310,868	310,868	250,000	-	60,868
Idaho Central	1,094,848	1,094,823	250,000	-	844,848
Westmark	454,726	454,726	250,000	-	204,726
RBC Wealth	1,053,608	1,053,608	-	-	1,053,608
Edward Jones	410,178	410,178	-	-	410,178
US Bank	1,127,500	1,127,500	250,000	-	877,500
Wells Fargo	423,504	423,504	250,000	-	173,504
Zions	<u>2,254,813</u>	<u>2,255,076</u>	250,000	_	2,004,813
Total	<u>\$13,862,830</u>	<u>\$13,894,183</u>	<u>\$1,766,286</u>	<u>\$ 63,598</u>	<u>\$ 12,033,122</u>

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of September 30, 2019, \$12,033,122 of the government's cash and investments bank balance of \$13,862,830 was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk: Per the Local Government Investment Pool management, the investment pool itself does not have a credit rating.

Investments

The City's investment policy, in compliance with state statutes, authorizes the Clerk to invest in the following – 1) Corporate Bonds, 2) Federal Agency Obligations, 3) Mortgage Backed Securities, and 4) Mutual Funds.

As of September 30, 2019, the City has the following investments.

<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>
n/a	583,208
Various	4,196,688
Various	837,021
n/a	1,458,421
Various	49,656
	\$ 7,129,994
	n/a Various Various n/a

Concentration Credit Risk is the risk that the City has invested more than 5% of their total investment in any one issuer. Currently, the City of Rigby holds the following individual issues in an amount greater than 5% of their total investments:

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019

NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, Continued

Individual Issuer	% of Total Investment
FHLM	24.55%
FNMA	10.60%
Franklin US Gov	13.65%
Calavert	9.69%
Lord Abbet	7.80%
Loomis Sayles	9.00%

Credit Risk: The City's investments are rated by the two nationally recognized statistical rating organizations—Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investment Services. Investments in US Government Agencies, Corporate Bonds, and Mutual Funds are rated AAA and Aaa, respectively.

NOTE 3 RECEIVABLES

Receivables at year end consist of the following:

		Street	<u>Other</u>		Enterprise Funds				
	<u>General</u> <u>Fund</u>	and Road Fund	Governmental Funds	<u>Water</u>	Sewer	Sanitation	Sewer Collection		
Local Sources Property Taxes Consumer Fees Other Total Local	\$ 36,908 - - - \$ 36,908	\$ 7,153 <u>6,276</u> <u>\$ 13,429</u>	\$ 11,727 - - \$ 11,727	\$ - 68,977 15,739 \$ 84,716	\$ - 189,408 	\$ - 25,907 - \$ 25,907	\$ - - \$ -		
State Sources Other State Revenue Total Receivable	\$ 95,580 \$132,488	\$ 64,411 \$ 77,840	\$ 370,724 \$ 382,451						

NOTE 4 INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund Receivable/Payable

During the course of its operations, the City had numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services, construct assets, and service debt. As of September 30, 2019 the LID#8 and LID #9 funds owed the Capital Improvement fund \$357,397 to payback the initial funding of the LID projects. Funds are remitted back to Capital Improvement as they are received from assessments to the property owners.

The following interfund operating transfers were made during the fiscal year to cover expenditures from operations:

Major Funds	Transfers To	Transfers From
General	\$ 75,000	\$ 206,000
Capital Improvement	388,124	-
LID #8	-	17,330
LID #9		170,794
Water	-	25,000
Sanitation	-	25,000
Sewer	-	25,000
Airport	6,000	-

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Rodeo Tractor

During fiscal year 2014, the City entered into a capital lease agreement with Bank of the West for the lease and subsequent purchase of a Kubota tractor and loading bucket. Payments are due in five annual installments of \$5,765.55, including interest at a rate of 4.37%. The final principal payment was paid in the amount of \$5,522 on April 4, 2019.

Sewer Revenue Bond Issue:

As of September 30, 2019 the City had one sewer revenue bond outstanding. The bond bears interest of 3.75% per annum and matures December 22, 2040. Annual payments of principal and interest are due in December in the amount of \$168,270. The total amount outstanding as of September 30, 2019 was \$1,725,372.

Wastewater Project Loans

The DEQ is providing loan funds to the City which are being used to finance the construction of the wastewater treatment facility as well as improvements to the wastewater collection system. As of September 30, 2019, the loan balance payable to the DEQ was \$6,143,422 for the wastewater treatment facility. The loan is interest free with semi-annual payments of \$198,175 and will mature in April of 2035.

The following schedule recaps the changes in long-term obligations for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019:

	Beginning			Ending
Governmental-type activities	Balance	Additions	Subtractions	Balance
Bank of the West	5,522	-	5,522	-
Compensated absences	28,494	4,592		33,086
Total governmental-type	<u>\$ 34,016</u>	<u>\$ 4,592</u>	\$ <u>5,522</u>	<u>\$ 33,086</u>
Business-type activities				
Waste Water Project DEQ Loan	6,539,770	-	396,349	6,143,422
Sewer USDA Loan	1,846,221	-	120,849	1,725,372
Compensated absences	16,372	2,609		18,981
Total business-type activities	\$ 8,402,363	\$ 2,609	<u>\$ 664,768</u>	<u>\$ 7,887,775</u>

Maturities of long-term obligations are as follows:

2019	\$ 499,918
2020	503,802
2021	507,832
2022	512,012
2023	516,350
Thereafter	5,328,880
Total	\$ 7,868,794

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019

NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2019, was as follows:

Governmental Activities		inning <u>lance</u>		Capital quisitions	Sales / Other <u>Changes</u>	:		Ending Balance
Non-depreciable Assets:								
Work-in-progress	\$	-	\$	86,450	\$	-	\$	86,450
Land		498,687		93,986		-		592,673
Depreciable Assets:								
Buildings/Sites	\$ 4,	379,277	\$	7,893	\$	-		4,387,170
Equipment		447,534		83,583		-		1,531,117
Infrastructure		444,008		-				3,444,008
Total capital assets	9,	769,506		271,912		-		0,041,418
Less: accumulated depreciation	(3,0)56,399 <u>)</u>		(375,759)			(3	,432,158)
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$ 6,	713,107	<u>\$</u>	(103,847)	\$	-	\$ (<u>6,609,260</u>
Business-type Activities								
Non-depreciable Assets:	\$	12,600	\$	104,731	\$	_	\$	117,331
Work-in-progress	Φ	21,154	Φ	53,877	Ψ		Ψ	75,031
Land		21,134				-		73,031
Depreciable Assets:								
Water Fund	Ф э	151 220	σ		\$		e	3,151,238
Buildings & equipment		,151,238	\$	(96.561)	Э	-		,269,839)
Less: accumulated depreciation		183,278		(86,561)	National Control of Co			
Water capital assets, net	1	,967,960		(86,561)				1,881,399
Sanitation Fund		001.000		45.000				1.046.022
Buildings & equipment		,001,932		45,000		-		1,046,932
Less: accumulated depreciation	(;	577,454)		(67,578)			-	(645,032)
Sanitation capital assets, net		424,478		(22,578)				401,900
Sewer		<		CT 0.40				0.717.440
Buildings & equipment		,650,100		67,348		-		8,717,448
Less: accumulated depreciation		857,077)		(534,522)				1,391,599)
Sewer capital assets, net	_14	,805,623		(467,174)			_1	4,325,849
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$17	,219,215	\$	(417,705)	\$	_	<u>\$1</u>	6,801,510
Internal Service Fund							•	#1# 00°
Buildings & equipment	\$	517,039		\$ -	\$	-	\$	517,039
Less: accumulated depreciation		402,708)		(37,136)	Φ.		ф.	(439,844)
Internal Service capital assets, net	<u>\$</u>	114,331		\$ (37,136)	\$	<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	77,195

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019

NOTE 6 CAPITAL ASSETS, Continued

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$ 375,759
Water fund	86,561
Sanitation fund	67,578
Sewer fund	534,522
Internal Service	<u>37,136</u>
	\$ 1,101,556

NOTE 7 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to a considerable number of risks of loss including but not limited to a) damage to and loss of property and contents; b) employee torts; c) professional liability, i.e. errors and omissions; d) environmental damage; e) workers compensation, i.e. employee injuries and f) medical insurance costs of its employees. Commercial insurance policies transferring the risk of loss, but for a relatively small deductible amount, are purchased for property and content damage, employees' torts and professional liabilities. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the insurance deductible provided for in the last three years.

NOTE 8 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Transactions occurring subsequent to year end have been evaluated through January 24, 2020, the date which the financial statements were available for dissemination, and no items were identified that merited disclosure.

NOTE 9 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The City has not been involved in any related party transactions that would violate the Idaho Code or applicable federal regulations.

NOTE 10 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

A prior period adjustment has been recorded to decrease deferred revenue in the amount of \$545,860 relating to the LID #8 and LID #9. This adjustment increases the fund balance in LID #8 by 85,812 and increases the fund balance in LID #9 by \$460,048.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019

NOTE 11 PENSION ACTIVITY—EMPLOYER REPORTING

The City of Rigby contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. Amounts in parenthesis represent police/firefighters.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019

NOTE 11 PENSION ACTIVITY—EMPLOYER REPORTING – CONTINUED

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2019 it was 6.79% for general employess and 8.36% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% for general employees and 11.66% for police and firefighters. The City of Rigby's contributions were \$105,405 for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2019, the City of Rigby reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City of Rigby's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City of Rigby's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2019, the City of Rigby's proportion was .02444692 percent.

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the City of Rigby's recognized pension expense of \$23,386. At September 30, 2019 the City of Rigby reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Ou of Resour		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	25,957 15,537	\$	32,918	
on pension plan investments Changes in the employer's proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and		-		95,153	
the employer's proportionate contributions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date TOTAL	\$	28,574 70,068	-	128,071	

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019

NOTE 11 PENSION ACTIVITY—EMPLOYER REPORTING – CONTINUED

\$28,574 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2019.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2018 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2018 is 4.8 years and 4.8 for the measurement period ended June 30, 2019.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year ended September 30, 2019:

2020	\$ (10,058)
2021	\$ (43,089)
2022	\$ (20,990)
2023	\$ (12,439)

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.75%
Salary inflation	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.05%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	1%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- · No offset for male fire and police
- · Forward one year for female fire and police
- · Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019

NOTE 11 PENSION ACTIVITY—EMPLOYER REPORTING – CONTINUED

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2017 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions including mortality. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2019 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2017.

Capital Market Assumptions

	Expected	Expected	Strategic	Strategic							
Asset Class	Return	<u>Risk</u>	<u>Normal</u>	<u>Ranges</u>							
Equites			70%	66%-77%							
Broad Domestic Equity	9.15%	19.00%	55%	50%-65%							
International	9.25%	20.20%	15%	10%-20%							
Fixed Income	3.05%	3.75%	30%	23%-33%							
Cash	2.25%	0.90%	0%	0%-5%							
	Expected	Expected	Expected	Expected							
Total Fund	Return	Inflation	Real Return	Risk							
Actuary	7.00%	3.25%	3.75%	N/A							
Portfolio	6.58%	2.25%	4.33%	12.67%							
Actuarial Assumptions											
Assumed Inflation – Mea	n		3.2	5%							
Assumed Inflation – Stan	dard Deviation	1	2.0	00%							
Portfolio Artihmetic Mea	n Return		8.4	12%							
Portfolio Long-Term Exp		ric Rate of Return	7.5	50%							
Assumed Investment Exp			0.4	10%							
Long-Term Expected Ge		f Return, Net of Ex	epenses 7.0)5%							

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019

NOTE 11 PENSION ACTIVITY—EMPLOYER REPORTING – CONTINUED

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.05 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.05 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.05 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.05%)	Discount Rate (7.05%)	1% Increase (8.05%)
City or Rigby's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	843,621	279,309	(187,359)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Payables to the pension plan

At September 30, 2019, the City of Rigby reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$8,320 for legally required employer contributions and employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2019

NOTE 12 EXCESS EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

Actual expenditures in the internal service fund for fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, exceeded budgeted amounts by \$46,988 respectively.

NOTE 13 POST RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The City of Rigby does not provide post-retirement benefits to its employees and has no reporting requirement under GASB #45.

NOTE 14 RIGBY URBAN RENEWAL

The Rigby Urban Renewal Agency (Agency) has been presented in the government-wide financial statements as a discretely presented component unit of the City of Rigby due to its operational and/or financial relationship with the City. The agency is organized and operates under the Idaho Urban Renewal Law of 1965 (Chapter 20, Title 50, Idaho Code).

- A. The accounting policies and practices of the Agency conform to generally accepted accounting principles applied to governments.
- B. Cash and investments for all funds consist of the following at year end:

Cash – demand deposit (net of overdrafts) Cash – State Investment Pool	\$ 1,890 <u>686,265</u>
Total	\$ 688,155

Deposits with financial institutions include bank demand deposits as authorized by Idaho statutes. The bank balance for cash demand deposits was \$1,890 at year end. The entire balance was covered by federal depository insurance. Cash held at the Local Government Investment Pool is uninsured and uncollateralized.

The Agency follows the requirements of the Idaho Public Depository Law (Idaho Code Section: Title 57-100) and applicable investment rights and restrictions cited by Idaho Code Section, Title 67:67-1210.

C. Receivables at year end consist of the following:

Property Taxes	\$ 5,834
D. Payables at year end consist of the following:	
Accounts Payable	\$ 1,533

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budget to Actual Comparison Schedule General Fund

For Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)		
Local Sources:						
Local Revenue:						
Taxes	\$ 893,219	\$ 893,219	\$ 894,879	\$ 1,660		
Earnings on investments	9,000	9,000	44,856	35,856		
Fees and fines	16,000	16,000	26,250	10,250		
Charges for services	49,000	49,000	39,818	(9,182)		
Miscellaneous and other revenue	8,000	8,000	21,357	13,357		
State revenues	315,425	315,425	339,376	23,951		
Grants	12,500	12,500	1,909	(10,591)		
Total revenue	1,303,144	1,303,144	1,368,445	65,301		
EXPENDITURES						
General government	515,745	515,745	445,718	70,027		
Public safety	594,493	594,493	503,652	90,841		
Cultural	15,000	15,000	14,015	985		
Capital outlay	30,000	30,000	3,222	26,778		
Total expenditures	1,155,238	1,155,238	966,607	188,631		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	147,906	147,906	401,838	253,932		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S)					
Other Financing Source	-	-	(121.000)	-		
Transfers	(131,000)	(131,000)	(131,000)	-		
Net change in fund balances	16,906	16,906	270,838	253,932		
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,660,954	1,660,954	1,660,954			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,677,860	\$ 1,677,860	\$ 1,931,792	\$ 253,932		

Budget to Actual Comparison Schedule Road Fund

For Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Dudantod	Amounto	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
	Budgeted			
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Local Sources:				
Local Revenue:		A 155.000	n 177, 270	Φ 20/
Taxes	\$ 175,982	\$ 175,982	\$ 176,378	\$ 396
Earnings on investments	3,000	3,000	7,400	4,400
Charges for services	95,000	95,000	100,807	5,807
Miscellaneous and other revenue	1,800	1,800	4,667	2,867
State revenues	209,815	209,815	218,609	8,794
Total revenue	485,597	485,597	507,861	22,264
·				
EXPENDITURES				(0.100
Street and public improvement	483,167	483,167	414,979	68,188
Capital outlay	150,000	150,000	61,450	88,550
Total expenditures	633,167	633,167	476,429	156,738
- (1.6.1)				
Excess (deficiency) of revenue	(147,570)	(147,570)	31,432	179,002
over expenditures	(147,370)	(147,370)	31,432	177,002
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers	_		-	•
Al a la control of the language	(147,570)	(147,570)	31,432	179,002
Net change in fund balances	(147,570)	(147,570)	31,732	17,002
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of the year	281,341	281,341	281,341	
End of the year	\$ 133,771	\$ 133,771	\$ 312,773	\$ 179,002
→				

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY

PERSI - Base Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2019
City of Rigby's portion of the net pension liability	-	0.0244692%
City of Rigby's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	279,309
City of Rigby's covered-employee payroll	\$	897,811
City of Rigby's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage		
of its covered-employee payroll		31.11%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		93.79%
I fair fluidelary flet position as a percentage of the term percent		
- Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2019		
Dum reperiod is income in the service of	_	2018
City of Rigby's portion of the net pension liability		0.0248565%
City of Rigby's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	366,638
	\$	824,446
City of Rigby's covered-employee payroll	Ψ	0.2.1,110
City of Rigby's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage		44.47%
of its covered-employee payroll		91.69%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		71.0770
- Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2018		
		2017
City of Rigby's portion of the net pension liability		0.0259108%
City of Rigby's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	407,273
City of Rigby's covered-employee payroll	\$	838,304
City of Rigby's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage		
of its covered-employee payroll		48.58%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		90.68%
- Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2017		
	_	2016
City of Rigby's portion of the net pension liability		0.0281754%
City of Rigby's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	571,159
City of Rigby's covered-employee payroll	\$	815,799
City of Rigby's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage		
of its covered-employee payroll		69.82%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		87.26%
- Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2016		
- Data reported is measured as or rune 50, 2010		
	_	2015
City of Rigby's portion of the net pension liability		0.0299508%
City of Rigby's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	
City of Rigby's covered-employee payroll	\$	809,554
City of Rigby's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage		
of its covered-employee payroll		48.72%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		91.38%
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

⁻ Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2015

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, City of Rigby will only present those years for which information is available.

CITY OF RIGBY SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

		2019
Guarantia and contribution	\$	93,629
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$	95,450
	\$	1,821
Contribution (deficiency) excess	\$	827,561
Employer's covered-employee payroll	·	11.53%
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		
- Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2019		
		2018
Statutorily required contribution	\$	96,528
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$	91,755
	\$	(4,773)
Contribution (deficiency) excess	\$	795,506
Employer's covered-employee payroll	Ψ	11.53%
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		
- Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2018		
		2017
	\$	94,835
Statutorily required contribution	\$	92,338
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$	(2,497)
Contribution (deficiency) excess	\$	800,528
Employer's covered-employee payroll	*	11.53%
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		
- Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2017		
		2016
	<u>•</u>	93,282
Statutorily required contribution	\$ \$	93,202
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ \$	1,277
Contribution (deficiency) excess	\$ \$	815,799
Employer's covered-employee payroll	Ф	11.59%
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.5570
- Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2016		
		2015
	\$	97,353
Statutorily required contribution	\$ \$	93,143
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	ъ \$	(4,210)
Contribution (deficiency) excess	ъ \$	809,554
Employer's covered-employee payroll	Φ	11.51%
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11,5170

⁻ Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2015

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

^{*} GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, City of Rigby will only present those years for which information is available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2019

NOTE 1 BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The Idaho Constitution and the Idaho State Tax Commission prescribe the budget process and procedures for governmental subdivisions. The City has satisfied the basic requirements prescribed in the following particulars:

- 1) Formulation of subsequent year budget requirements by City officials and personnel.
- 2) Perusal of formulated budgets by City officials.
- Presentation of preliminary and final budget requirements in formal news media of the City.
- 4) Open hearings to permit taxpayer input before such budgets are formally adopted.

Subsequent control of budgets following adoption is accomplished through a budget-expenditures control system with interim status accounting and reporting made available to officials and employees for management purposes. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). All annual appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

NOTE 2 EXCESS OF ACTUAL EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

Expenditures did not exceed budget amounts in any major funds during 2019.

NOTE 3 PENSION - GASB 68

The City of Rigby contributes to a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies, and various participating political subdivisions.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, there were no changes of benefit terms, neither was there any significant change in the composition of the population covered by the benefit terms. All assumptions used in actuarial calculations were not significantly different from those used in the past.

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CITY OF RIGBY
Combining Balance Sheet - Non Major Funds
September 30, 2019

		Totals	1 405 300	1,400,509	1,651,815	11,727	370,724	357.397		3,877,972			21.832	267 307	1,00,100	3,728	1,600	- 000	200,903	750,990	;	2,721,831	48,641	356,510	3,126,982	3,877,972
		LID #9	6	ı		1	289,254	,		289,254 \$			€	750000	407,407	ı	1	ı	1	289,254		1	ŀ	ı	1	289,254 \$
		LID#8 L	E	-	•	ı	68,143	•		68,143 \$			64		00,143	ı	•		-	68,143		•	•	1	,	68,143 \$
ects	L			752,805	1,127,407	,	1	,		360,210 \$			€	•	1		ı	1	1	-		1,360,210		•	,360,210	1,360,210 \$
Capital Projects	Sewer	Construction Fund		\$ 57	1,12					\$ 1.36			¥	÷								1,36			1,3(\$
		Connection Funds	0	7.8,987	311,196	•	1	,		590,183				•	•	•	•		•			590,183	ı	1	590,183	590,183
		Capital Improvement	1		155,435	2,345	5,745	257 307	170,100	\$ 025.690.1				4,007	•	•	•	•	359,242	363,899		705,671	•	,	705,671	\$ 1,069,570 \$
		Splash Park Ir		\$ 200 \$,	ı		1	\$ 200	ll		6	e		1	1		•	•		200	•	,	200	\$ 200
		Airport Fund		50,539	13,347	, 1	•		•	63 886				8,791	ı	•	•	ı	1	8,791		55,095	1	1	55,095	\$ 63,886
enue	Police	Drug Fund		\$ 10,472 \$	•	1	,		1	\$ 10.477	li .			A .	•	•	•	•				10,472		,	10,472	\$ 10.472 \$
Special Revenue		Park Fund	i I	\$ 238,251	•	3 520	2,523	C+0.7		\$174.614	li .			\$ 3,921		1,754	1,511	,	2.874	10,060		,	1	234.554	234,554	\$ 244,614
	Arterial	Road Fund		\$ 4,211	44,430) 	ı	1	1	40 641	1			· &9	ı	1	ı	•	,			ı	48.641		48,641	48.641
		Library Fund		\$ 122,198		648 5	7,602	4,737		122 700	1	BALANCE		\$ 4,463	•	1,504	88	ı	4.787	10,843		•	1	121 056	121,956	\$ 132,799
	I		ASSETS		ents	True modified to	Taxes receivable	Other receivables	Interfund receivable		1 Otal absels	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		Accounts payable \$	Interfund payable	Salaries payable	Pavroll liabilities	Deferred expenditures	Deferred revenue	Total liabilities	DIND BAI ANCE.	Restricted	Committed	,d	Total fund balance	Total liabilities

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF RIGBY Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Non Major Funds September 30, 2019

•			Special Revenue	/enue				Ü	Capital Projects			
	Library	Arterial Road Eund	Park Fund	Police Drug Fund	Airport Fund	Splash Park	Capital Improvement	Connection Funds	Sewer Construction Fund	LID #8	LID #9	Total
REVENUES Local Revenue:	runa	r min	nun T									207 633
	\$ 148,780	- \$	\$ 89,276	· \$	1 69	, ~	\$ 59,577	· •		A .	1	257,033
		1.376	4,485	S	1	•	14,874	19,474	52,121	•	1	216.56
Change for somions	15 652) }		ı	15,684		•	177,000	t	1	•	208,336
Charges for services	1,532	,	94 876	•	68,496	٠	16,497	•	1	16,542	139,604	337,488
Miscellaneous and other revenue	1,22	1	71,020			,	. '	ı	•	ı	•	•
Special assessments		ı	10 211				6.873	•		•	,	34,368
State revenues	17,184		10,311	•				1	ı		ı	4,467
Grants	4,467	7561	100 000	' "	84 180	. .	97.821	196.474	52,121	16,542	139,604	977,204
Total revenue	190,185	1,3/0	170,070		001,100							
EXPENDITIBES							,					13 657
General government	,	1	1		11,741	•	1,916	•	•		ı	15,051
Street and mublic improvement	•	ı	•	•	ı	ı	1	•	•	•		•
Dublic cofety	•	•	•	1	1	1	•	•	•	ı		
runiic salety	,	•	153.170	1	,	•	1	•	•	•	1	155,170
701 Catlon	155 464	1	, '	,	1	ı	•	•	1			155,464
Culture	101,001	١	7 622	1	92,273	•	73,535	9,299	•	•	1	182,729
Capital outlay	155.464	1	160,792	1	104,014	-	75,451	9,299			1	505,020
1 0tat experiation es							İ					
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	34,721	1,376	38,106	Э	(19,834)	1	22,370	187,175	52,121	16,542	139,604	472,184
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	SES)				000 9	!	388 174	24.621	•	(17,330)	(170,794)	230,621
TransfersOther financing sources	1 1		1 1		0,000		121,000					1
		-	20 106	r	(13.834)		410.494	211.796	52,121	(788)	(31,190)	702,805
Net change in fund balances	34,721	1,3/0	28,100	ח								
FUND BALANCES Beginning of the year	87,235	47,265	196,448	10,469	68,929	200	295,177	378,387	1,308,089	(85,024)	(428,858)	1,878,317
Prior period adjustment	- 1	- 1	1 20 4 00 4		6	e	105 671	\$ 590.183	\$ 1.360.210		1	\$ 3,126,982
End of the year	\$ 121,956	\$ 48,641	\$ 234,534	3 10,4/2	J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	1	•					

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Schedule of Expenditures General Fund

For Year Ended September 30, 2019

GENERAL GOVE	DNMENT		Total Expendit	
Mayor & Council	KINMENT			
Payroll related	evnenditures	\$	38,971	
Public relations			1,820	
Other			4,064	
Other	Total Mayor & Council			\$ 44,855
City Hall			5.40	
Payroll related	expenditures	\$	743	
Utilities & tele	phone		8,526	
Maintenance			4,443	
	Total City Hall			\$ 13,712
Administration		ø	140.250	
Payroll related		\$	149,359 29,124	
Office expendi	tures		29,124 17,176	
Bank fees			1,471	
Other	Total Administration		1,471	\$ 197,130
N. N				
Non-departmenta		\$	19,003	
Payroll related Legal & profes		*	56,341	
Bonds & insur			39,831	
Other	ance		18,838	
Other	Total Non-departmental			\$ 134,013
Planning & Zonin	g			
Payroll related		\$	38,378	
Office expend			13,290	
Engineering fe			4,230	
Other			110	
	Total Planning & Zoning			\$ 56,008
	TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURES	S		\$ 445,718
PUBLIC SAFET		ø	441.252	
Payroll related		\$	441,252 10,043	
Office expend			10,565	
Utilities & tele			25,188	
Police expend			16,604	
Maintenance of	& repairs TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY		10,004	\$ 503,652
CULTURAL Museum, rode	eo, & discretionary cultural expenditures			\$ 14,015
CAPITAL OUTI	⊿A Y	\$	_	
City Hall	_	Ψ	1,488	
Administratio	n		1,734	
Police	TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY			\$ 3,222
	TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES			\$ 966,607
	The notes to the financial statements are an integral par	rt of this	statement.	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

JENSEN POULSEN & COMPANY, PLLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
P.O. BOX 50700
185 S. CAPITAL
IDAHO FALLS, IDAHO 83405

ERNEST M JENSEN, M.B.A., C.P.A. ROBERT B. POULSEN, C.P.A. SHERI L. POULSEN, C.P.A. TELEPHONE: (208) 522-2295 (208) 522-1330 FAX: (208) 522-2297

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Mayor and City Council City of Rigby Rigby, ID 83442

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Rigby, Idaho, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of Rigby, Idaho's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 24, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Rigby, Idaho's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the City of Rigby's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this sections and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of audit findings and responses that we consider to be significant deficiencies (#2019-01).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Mayor and City Council City of Rigby, Idaho Page 2

City of Rigby, Idaho's Response to Findings,

City of Rigby, Idaho's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings. City of Rigby, Idaho's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jensen Poulsen & Company, PLLC

JENSEN POULSEN & COMPANY, PLLC Certified Public Accountants Idaho Falls, Idaho January 24, 2020

Schedule of Audit Findings and Responses September 30, 2019

FINDINGS—FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

A. SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

2019-01 - Inadequate separation of duties in the cash disbursement function

Condition:

The duties of custody, recording, and approval of cash disbursements, are not sufficiently separated to provide reasonable assurance that material misstatements of the financial statements due to error or fraud would be detected and corrected in a timely manner.

Criteria:

While the Council and Mayor hold the power of approval, both the clerk and the administrative assistant have custody and recording duties and capabilities that are not sufficiently separated.

Effect:

The lack of proper separation of duties may increase the risk or occurrence of materially misstated financial information due to error or fraud.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the duties of custody and recording be more distinctly separated between the clerk and the assistant.

Response:

The City recognizes the lack of separation of duties and will attempt to further correct the situation as they are able, considering the inherent limitations presented by limited personnel. At this time, it is not cost effective to hire additional personnel. Rather, the City will rely on other compensating controls.

Schedule of Audit Findings and Responses September 30, 2019

Findings on Prior Findings:

FINDINGS—FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

A. SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

2018-01 — Inadequate separation of duties in the cash disbursement function Status: Still reporting finding at 2019-1.